#### **B.I.R.O. Central Engine**

Luca Rossi Fabrizio Carinci

Brussels Meeting 29th November 2008

#### What's this?

The Central Engine is a set of R functions, that combined together, provides a tool to analyze the central BIRO database

#### What can the CE do?

a PDF report
HTML table
JPEG, PDF, PNG, SVG graphics

#### The SE and CE: "two brothers"

- They have the same architecture
- The functions have similar names
- They share the lib directories
- Some functions work both local side and central side (trellis, standardization)
- Can be activated/called by a function: BIRO\_se or BIRO\_ce

The architecture SE and CE have a similar architecture (they share the "lib" directory) **Directories**: •Main Include Formats •Scripts

#### How does ti work?

```
The core function (engine) is called BIRO_ce_report:
BIRO_ce_report(ind="2_2_1_1",
         numclass=4.
         condition="",
         width=1.
         stratum=c("weight_c","type_dm","sex","age_c"),
         lev=list(a=classlabel(weightth),b=as.vector(names(levtype_dm)),c=names(levsex),
                d=classlabel(ageth)),
         tab=1.
         namevar=c("Weight","Type of Diabetes","Gender","Age (in classes)"),
         tabvarsum=c("Freq"),
         n=c(6,2,2,4),
         bar=1,
         barvarsum=c("Freq","sum"),
         beside=TRUE,
         perc=TRUE,
         lines=1,
         box=1.
         texfile=texfile,
         dirgraph=dirgraph,
         cex=cex)
```

#### In details

- This function calls other sub-functions:
  - Their aim is to aggregate data (stored in the central DB, each of these get data directly from the DB, instead in the SE there is BIRO\_se\_datastep)
  - And/or manage the call of the "plotting" functions

### Outputs

- Latex2e/HTML tables
- Barplots
- Trends
- Boxplots
- Forest Plots
- Maps
- Simple statistics (mean, var)

#### What does each SE send?

• A .csv like this:

"sex","n","sum","variable","date","centre\_id"
1,1077,87191,"weight",2008-11-13,"mycentre"
2,922,64591,"weight",2008-11-13,"mycentre"
This is the .csv for the mean of the variable weight conditionated to the value of gender (1="Male",2="Female"), mean is done by sum/n.

#### What does CE do?

## The aggregation of data consists ofappending all the data from each centre

"sex","n","sum","variable","date","centre\_id" 1,1077,87191,"weight",2008-11-13,"mycentre1" 2,922,64591,"weight",2008-11-13,"mycentre1" 1,974,82034,"weight",2008-10-22,"mycentre2" 2,500,48542,"weight",2008-10-22,"mycentre2"

- Summing "sum" and "n" for each category of the stratification variable
- After this: we have only to launch the function that plots data

#### Maps



#### Maps 2

- The package maptools (recently improved) creates maps that represent the conditionated geographical distribution of a variable
- We have built a BIRO function, using "spplot" and "readShapePoly", that reads a shape file, associates data to areas and plots conditionates maps (i.e. type of diabets)

# A choropleth map of Umbrian population



#### Standardization:

- BIRO\_standardize:
  - Areal level (population) indicators
  - Provider level indicators
  - Using the (logistic) standardization model of AHRQ.

#### Regression:

- GLM models:
  - Linear models
  - Poisson models
  - Logistic models

Thank you!!!